

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		A A	TTORNEY DOCKET NO
09/109,460	07/02/98	FERRELL		G	
		QM02/0908	٦	EXAMINER	
JOHN F SCHIPPER				GRAVINI,S	
2211 PARK B	BOULEVARD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PALO ALTO 0	A 94306	•		3744	27
	•			DATE MAILED:	09/08/99 [°]

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks



Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/109,460 Applicant(s)

Gary W. FERRELL et al.

Examiner

Steve Gravini

Group Art Unit 3744



X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Sep 23, 1998	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
☐ This action is FINAL .					
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935	C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.				
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extension 37 CFR 1.136(a).	respond within the period for response will cause the				
Disposition of Claims	and the state of the second sections				
	is/are pending in the application.				
Of the above, claim(s)					
☐ Claim(s)	is/are allowed.				
	is/are rejected.				
☐ Claim(s)					
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.				
Application Papers See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948. The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner. The proposed drawing correction, filed on Sep 23, 1998 is is					
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No. Interview Summary, PTO-413 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-94 Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	8				

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DETAILED ACTION

Oath/Declaration

1. The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because:

It does not state that the person making the oath or declaration has reviewed and understands the contents of the specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to in the oath or declaration. The declaring statement "as amended by any amendment" is not specifically referred to in the declaration.

It declares that the application is a continuation of "089/034,369;" however the declaration would be more precise to state "09/034,369." This continuation statement does not make the oath defective, but rather raises an objection by the examiner.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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3. Claims 1-13 and 14-26 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-12 and 13-20 respectively of copending Application No. 09/034,369. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 1-13 recite a broader range of drying times, making it an obvious modification to the copending application. It would be obvious to one skilled in the art of coating dryers to apply the recited longer period of drying times, to ensure more complete drying, than claimed by the narrower drying times in the copending application. Furthermore claims 14-26 recite a narrower surface in which contaminants are to be removed, making it an obvious modification to the copending application. It would be obvious to one skilled in the art of coating dryers to apply the less limiting contaminant removal surface for more precise drying than claimed by the broader surface area drying in the copending application.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Conclusion

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Mohindra et al. (5,571,337 and 5,685,327) and Matthews (5,776,296) teach coating dryers.
- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steve Gravini whose telephone number is (703) 308-7570 and electronic transmission / e-mail address is "steve.gravini@.uspto.gov". If applicants chose to send information by e-mail, please be aware that confidentiality of the electronically transmitted message cannot be assured. Information may also be sent to the examiner by facsimile machine at (703) 308-7764. Please see MPEP § 502.02.

STEPHEN M. GRAVINI PRIMARY EXAMINER

smg September 1, 1999

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